

**Sestina: A Poetic Form**  
**Performing Art: Any Period Form of Poem or Song: Topic Beauty**  
**A&S XL**

A Sestina is a poem that consists of six six-line stanzas (sextets) and concludes with 3 lines (triplet or tercet) called an envoy (or envoi). The lines are usually unrhymed. Instead it has a set pattern of end words for the sextets. In the triplet each line has 2 of the words, one of which is at the end of the line also in a set pattern; which is under some debate in the current literature. The pattern is as follows, if we use the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 to represent the word at the end of the row:

1<sup>st</sup> stanza – each line ends in words 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

2<sup>nd</sup> stanza – each line ends in words 6, 1, 5, 2, 4, 3

3<sup>rd</sup> stanza – each line ends in words 3, 6, 4, 1, 2, 5

4<sup>th</sup> stanza – each line ends in words 5, 3, 2, 6, 1, 4

5<sup>th</sup> stanza – each line ends in words 4, 5, 1, 3, 6, 2

6<sup>th</sup> stanza – each line ends in words 2, 4, 6, 5, 3, 1

Triplet – 2 & 5, 4 & 3, 6 & 1 – middle and end words in each line (pattern from Daniel's *Voler*<sup>1</sup>)

There is no restriction on line length. English sestinas have traditionally been done in Iambic Pentameter or another fixed meter.<sup>2</sup>

A 12<sup>th</sup> C. troubador Arnaut Daniel is credited with inventing this mathematical form. Troubadors were composers and performers of songs in particular styles. Beginning in the 11<sup>th</sup> C, they spread through southern France, Italy and Spain. They flourished during the 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> C. Their works frequently focused on chivalry and courtly love, but included other topics as well.

Petrarch (Francesco Petrarca c. 1304-1374) refers to Daniel as “The Master of Love”<sup>3</sup>. Daniel was also the author of *Lancillotto* (Lancelot of the Lake). Dante (Dante Alighieri c. 1265-1321) refers to this poem and Daniel is a named character in Dante's *Divine Comedy*; in purgatory for lust. In the 16<sup>th</sup> C, the Sestina form undergoes a revival in France and in England Sir Philip Sydney (c. 1554-1586) wrote a double sestina “You Goat-Herd Gods”.

Modern poets who have also used the Sestina are Rudyard Kipling, Ezra Pound, and TS Elliot.

**Bibliography:**

Poetry Form – The Sestina <http://www.baymoon.com/~ariadne/form/sestina.htm#form>

Poetic Form: Sestina <http://www.poets.org/viewmedia.php/prmMID/5792>

The Sestina Page – <http://www.geocities.com/suzstina/sestina.htm>

“Lo ferm voler” – The Firm Desire, by Arnaut Daniel (c. 1180-1210), written in Old Provençal French, translated by Craig E. Bertolet <http://www.auburn.edu/~bertocr/Lo.html>

Sestina by Alberto Rios <http://www.public.asu.edu/~aarios/formsverse/reports2000/page9.html>

Wikipedia.org - <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sestina>, [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philip\\_Sidney](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Philip_Sidney),

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Troubadour>, [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arnaut\\_Daniel](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arnaut_Daniel),

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Petrarch>, [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dante\\_Alighieri](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dante_Alighieri)

Arnaut Daniel: Complete Works [http://www.cam.org/~malcova/troubadours/arnaut\\_daniel/](http://www.cam.org/~malcova/troubadours/arnaut_daniel/)

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<sup>1</sup> [http://www.cam.org/~malcova/troubadours/arnaut\\_daniel/arnaut\\_daniel\\_09.php](http://www.cam.org/~malcova/troubadours/arnaut_daniel/arnaut_daniel_09.php)

--- Note: copy available for review – I believe it does not follow iambic pentameter.

<sup>2</sup> <http://www.nationmaster.com/encyclopedia/Sestina>, <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sestina>

<sup>3</sup> [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arnaut\\_Daniel](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arnaut_Daniel) -